Physician Query Examples

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By AHIMA Staff

A query can be a powerful communication tool used to clarify documentation in the health record and achieve accurate code assignments. This Practice Brief In Addition provides examples of the different forms of queries available to HIM professionals.

Example Verbal Query Documentation

The documentation of verbal queries should follow a standard format to include all necessary information.

Spoke with Dr. X regarding the documentation of <u>(condition/procedure)</u> based upon the clinical indicator(s) found in the health record <u>(list what was found and where)</u>.

Example Open-Ended Query

A patient is admitted with pneumonia. The admitting H&P examination reveals WBC of 14,000; a respiratory rate of 24; a temperature of 102 degrees; heart rate of 120; hypotension; and altered mental status. The patient is administered an IV antibiotic and IV fluid resuscitation.

Leading: The patient has elevated WBCs, tachycardia, and is given an IV antibiotic for Pseudomonas cultured from the blood. Are you treating for sepsis?

Nonleading: Based on your clinical judgment, can you provide a diagnosis that represents the below-listed clinical indicators?

In this patient admitted with pneumonia, the admitting history and physical examination reveals the following:

- WBC 14,000
- Respiratory rate 24
- Temperature 102° F
- Heart rate 120
- Hypotension
- Altered mental status
- IV antibiotic administration
- IV fluid resuscitation

Please document the condition and the causative organism (if known) in the medical record.

Source: AHIMA. "Guidance for Clinical Documentation Improvement Programs." Journal of AHIMA 81, no.5 (May 2010): expanded web version.

Example Multiple Choice Query

A patient is admitted for a right hip fracture. The H&P notes that the patient has a history of chronic congestive heart failure. A recent echocardiogram showed left ventricular ejection fraction (EF) of 25 percent. The patient's home medications include metoprolol XL, lisinopril, and Lasix.

Leading: Please document if you agree the patient has chronic diastolic heart failure.

Nonleading: It is noted in the impression of the H&P that the patient has chronic congestive heart failure and a recent echocardiogram noted under the cardiac review of systems reveals an EF of 25 percent. Can the chronic heart failure be further specified as:

•	Chronic systolic heart failure
•	Chronic diastolic heart failure
•	Chronic systolic and diastolic heart failure
•	Some other type of heart failure
•	Undetermined

Source: AHIMA. "Guidance for Clinical Documentation Improvement Programs." Journal of AHIMA 81, no.5 (May 2010): expanded web version.

Example Yes/No Queries

Compliant Example 1

Clinical Scenario: A patient is admitted with cellulitis around a recent operative wound site, and only cellulitis is documented without any relationship to the recent surgical procedure.

Query: Is the cellulitis due to or the result of the surgical procedure? Please document your response in the health record or below.

Yes			
No			
Other			
Clinically Undetermined	1		
Name:		Date:	

Rationale: This is an example of a yes/no query involving a documented condition potentially resulting from a procedure.

Compliant Example 2

Clinical scenario: Congestive heart failure is documented in the final discharge statement in a patient who is noted to have an echocardiographic interpretation of systolic dysfunction and is maintained on lisinopril, Lasix, and Lanoxin.

Query: Based on the echocardiographic interpretation of systolic dysfunction in this patient maintained on lisinopril, Lasix, and Lanoxin can your documentation of "congestive heart failure" be further specified as <u>systolic congestive heart failure</u>? Please document your response in the health record or below.

Yes		
No		
Other		
Clinically Undetermined_	 _	
Name:	Date:	

Rationale: This yes/no query provides an example of determining the specificity of a condition that is documented as an interpretation of an echocardiogram.

Compliant Example 3

Clinical scenario: During the removal of an abdominal mass, the surgeon documents, in the description of the operative procedure, a "serosal injury to the stomach was repaired with interrupted sutures."

Query: In the description of the operative procedure a serosal injury to the stomach was noted and repaired with interrupted sutures. Was this serosal injury and repair: A complication of the procedure _____ Integral to the above procedure Not clinically significant Other _____ Clinically Undetermined Please document your response in the health record or below accompanied by clinical substantiation. Date: _____ Rationale: This is an example of a query necessary to determine the clinical significance of a condition resulting from a procedure. Non-Compliant Example 1 Clinical scenario: On admission bilateral lower extremity edema is noted, however, there are no other clinical indicators to support malnutrition. Query: Do you agree that the patient's bilateral lower extremity edema is diagnostic of malnutrition? Please document your response in the health record or below. Other _____ Clinically Undetermined Date: Rationale: Malnutrition is not a further specification of the isolated finding of a bilateral lower extremity edema. An openended or multiple choice query should be used under this circumstance to ascertain the underlying cause of the patient's edema. Non-Compliant Example 2 Clinical scenario: A patient is admitted with an acute gastrointestinal bleed, and the hemoglobin drops from 12 g/dL to 7.5 g/dL and two units of packed red blood cells are transfused. The physician documents anemia in the final discharge statement. Query: In this patient admitted with a gastrointestinal bleed and who underwent a blood transfusion after a drop in the hemoglobin from 12 g/DL on admission to 7.5 g /dL, can your documentation of anemia be further specified as an acute blood loss anemia? Please document your response in the health record or below accompanied by clinical substantiation.

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Other	
Clinically Undetermined _	
Name:	Date:
Rationale: In this example ended query is a better op	e, a yes/no query is not appropriate for specifying the type of anemia. A multiple-choice or opention.
Non-Compliant Exa	nple 3
removed two days after a urinary tract infection (Ca	ED, a foley catheter was inserted for the patient with dysuria and elevated WBCs that was dmission. The cultures were positive for E.coli and the progress note reflect a catheter associated LUTI) and this was coded. Quality has requested review of the HAC condition to ensure it should be the CDC definition for CAUTI.
	tment has indicated that your documented diagnosis of CAUTI does not meet the CDC definition all Acquired condition statistics for your profile as well as the hospital. Does your patient have a y tract infection?
Yes	
No	
Other	
Clinically Undetermined _	
Name:	Date:
and hospital profiles. This	nappropriate as it explains the impact of the addition or removal of the diagnosis for the physician query questions the physician's clinical judgment which may be more appropriate in an escalation ucation regarding the CDC definition of CAUTI.
Original source: AHIMA Staff. "Physicial	n Query Examples" (<u>Journal of AHIMA website</u>), February 01, 2013.

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